



A National Electoral No-Fly List Why We Need A REAL TIME Election Anomaly List

1. Thesis = Election Fraud Has Become A Real Time Endeavor

Voter fraud is local, hard to prove, industrial scale, sovereign and real time.

Voter fraud is local. Fraud patterns greatly differ from state to state, even from county to city.

Voter fraud is hard to demonstrate because states have different laws about citizen access to voter rolls and cast ballot information.

Industrial scale means electoral fraud has hundreds of locations, with hundreds to thousands of participants delivering millions of fraudulent votes.

United States voter fraud is sovereign because it has government agencies such as Secretaries of State actively avoiding cleaning voter rolls thus enabling fraud. Key government agencies and organizations from the FBI to the Supreme Court will not take action, thus acquiescing to possible election fraud.

Organizations like ERIC exist to make sure there is proper cover for not cleaning up election rolls.

Voter fraud has morphed into a real time endeavor. Voter lists are modified, votes cast, then these same lists are modified again hiding voter fraud from current batch systems.

The most effective means of stopping 2022 election fraud is to place a real time, voter roll and voter history analysis tool in the hands of diligent citizens who can spot data anomalies the moment they happen.

Armed with this information, voter rolls can be kept up-to-date and anomalies eliminated quickly.

This can be accomplished by enabling citizens to log onto a publicly available database and instantly identify registered voters who are reported to be:

- Dead
- Living in another state
- Living in a vacant lot
- Underage
- Claim to be living in a PO Box or UPS/FedEx location
- Living with several hundred others in a 2-bedroom condo
- Voters who previously voted in the same election in multiple states
- Voters who showed up at the polls to find out someone voted for them
- Voters whose status has recently changed
- You get the picture – many other such queries

2020 Election Fraud

We were contacted by over 1,300 people who wanted our help or advice on addressing alleged 2020 election fraud using advanced computer technology.

One group sent us data from one of the large midwestern swing states. This data was about 3,800,000 records of mail-in and absentee ballots. These were .CSV files.

Using technology that is not commercially available, we entered these records into our database as a single spreadsheet. We then ran queries we learned about from others doing voter registration analysis.

One of the queries was “ballots received BEFORE they were mailed.” Another was “ballots received WITHIN A DAY of being mailed.”

We were stunned to find such a simple query identified tens of thousands of obviously questionable votes.

We then ran queries where we sorted people by address.

We found scores of people who claimed to live in the same one or two bedroom house. Others resided in vacant lots. We were able to determine pretty quickly using Google tools these were commercial buildings or empty fields.

2. Why We Need To Stop Election Fraud BEFORE It Happens

Our team has been involved in large scale commercial fraud detection that eluded every U.S. Government agency including the FBI, Secret Service and several armed forces criminal investigation services.

Our team deployed technology, not commercially available, to solve problems current technology could not.

Any computer technology can sort billions or trillions of records. The challenge is doing so in real time, finding minor to major changes in voter rolls the moment they happen.

The objective is to stop 2022 and 2024 election fraud by identifying anomalies in current voter rolls now and making such anomalies public.

In one state, we learned thousands of voters were on the rolls in December, in inactive status, their status was changed to active in November, they voted and their status was then changed back to inactive.

Current technology would not find such anomalies until it is too late.

Closing the barn door after the horse is gone is not a solution. The only solution is real time electoral voter list analysis.

Current database and search technology can report on large election databases. That, however, is not a solution.

Reports do not move the emotional needle to action.

Current technology cannot deliver almost instant responses, via a digital device, across scores or hundreds of different databases, spanning billions of records, cross searched, measured for similarity scores and delivering the result via a computer you can hold in your hand.

Conventional technology cannot deliver this result and anyone who tries to do it will spend millions of dollars before they finally learn this lesson.

Our technology can be deployed, at industrial scale, in weeks for a fraction of the costs of current technology.

We only need the data. Lots of it, from lots of different sources.

3. What Are We Trying To Discover?

While we use the term “fraud” as a shortcut where no names are attached, we prefer the term anomaly. Our analysis finds lots of crazy anomaly data in voter rolls. That does not make it fraud. It does make it interesting.

There is a lack of transparency for election data.

We want to bring that transparency to the masses, Democrats and Republicans. Voters do not want election fraud, malicious organizations do.

We want to provide a central location to view the aggregate of election data.

Part of our thesis is that showing reports with second standard deviations from the mean does not move the emotional needle. We are not doing statistical reports, although we know how.

Nor are we doing forensic analysis of machines although we can read source code down to the binary level as well as anyone else.

We are not evaluating any derivative data. Edison data which has been through several revisions is of no value to us.

Most of the fraud stories one hears can be substantiated by looking at election rolls and cast ballot public information. We are looking at voter rolls of registered voters going back as far as they exist in digital format. We are also looking at reported ballots, absentee, mail-in.

We believe election fraud did not begin in 2020. It likely happened in several previous even-numbered-years and may have impacted other elections. If that data is available, we want it – as far back as such data exists in digital form.

All the election data since George Washington, in every state, if it were digitally available would be a modest sized database for our technology. We regularly run applications transacting trillions of records in seconds on machines smaller than a box of Kleenex.

We developed sophisticated techniques to crawl public websites such as county property tax records and painlessly bring in that data for cross search. One would be surprised how many people claim to live in a commercial building.

4. What Happens When We Identify Anomalies?

This is where our background in insurance fraud comes in.

Industrial, organized fraud has an infrastructure that takes years to build.

In our insurance days, that consisted of doctors, attorneys, chiropractors and runners finding each other, organizing fraud rings, getting cars, creating accidents and making the same claim for multiple drivers. They created a network infrastructure.

When we identified one part of the ring, a doctor for instance, the rest of the ring was pretty often identified as well. Those names became toxic for insurers even if they were not prosecuted. They were pretty much shut down.

Election fraud has some of the same characteristics.

There are fake names. Fake addresses. There will be vacant lots with many residents who claim to live there. There will be buildings where there may be 20 apartments but a thousand residents. There will be lots of surprises and they will not be subtle.

This is what a fraud infrastructure looks like and we expect to find something like this in most of the states. When found, even if no fraud is “proven” that address with a thousand people in it pretty much becomes useless to the fraudsters.

The key is to identify and make public the fraud infrastructure.

Nobody needs to be prosecuted. Nobody needs to be arrested. Nobody needs to be called a fraudster. All that needs to happen is for the public to have access to “data that makes you go hmmm?”

In August, 2021 we produced lists for a large midwestern state of over 500 voters who claimed to live in a single college P.O. Box. That enabled a local team to challenge their names and force their removal from the voter rolls. We found people who claimed to live at an address, gave the lists to a ground team who went door-to-door to see if they were there. They often were phantom voters.

This is how it works.

As each of these attributes becomes public, name, address, a building, a specific birthday used by thousands, it becomes a dead resource for those organizing the fraud.

It becomes a No-Fly List of toxic election attributes.

It took decades for scamming election officials, candidates and other criminals to salt voter rolls with these attributes. Identify them, make them radioactive and they cannot be recreated at scale without all kinds of alarms going off.

5. This Is A Permanent Project

In the early phases of our endeavor, we are funding all our work. It just makes things easier. We know what we want to do, we know what works and we want to test all kinds of new technologies without a lot of interruption on our time horizon.

We share everything we find with those contributing data.

We want to make the technology and know-how available to any organization who will create a permanent repository, regardless of political affiliation, that will show obvious voter roll anomaly wherever it exists.

We have the only technology that can house and search billions of records, cross searched against scores or hundreds of other databases, in real time, on hardware you can hold in your lap, at a cost almost anyone can afford.

The information from vote anomaly patterns already uncovered by diligent citizens is overwhelming. We just want to make it available to anyone who wants to see it – real time, in an endless spreadsheet, on a digital device.

We are working with citizens of all political persuasions who want to see clear, transparent, auditable voter roll data.